## **INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. No flag may be issued unless a completed application form has been received (38 U.S.C. 901). The person filling out the application must state (under "relationship to deceased") whether he/she is: (a) A relative, and degree of relationship (e.g., "Brother"); (b) the funeral director; (c) a representative of veterans' or other organization having charge of the burial (e.g., "The American Legion"); (d) other person having a knowledge of the facts, and acting in the interest of the deceased or his/her family (e.g., "Friend"; "Det, Clerk").
- 2. One of the numbered conditions listed "under which deceased was separated from service" must be evidenced, normally by a document such as a discharge paper, before a flag may be issued.
- (a) The phrase "veteran of a war" (No. 1) requires a showing that the deceased was in service in the United States armed forces during a war period. The phrase "Mexican border service" means active service during the period beginning on January 1, 1911, and ending on April 5, 1917, in Mexico, on the borders thereof, or in the waters adjacent thereto. The phrase "service after January 31, 1955" relates to veterans with active military, naval, or air service after the date.
- (b) The phrase "under conditions other than dishonorable" requires a showing of discharge or release from active duty under honorable conditions ("Honorable" or "General") from the indicated period of service in the United States armed forces, or, in absence of such discharge or release from active duty, a determination by Department of Veterans Affairs that discharge or release from active duty, was under conditions other than dishonorable.
- (c) The phrase "at least one enlistment" (No. 2) is construed to include service of a commissioned officer whose service, computed from date of entrance into commissioned status to date of separation from service, terminated under honorable conditions, and in all cases, relates to peacetime service before June 27, 1950.
- (d) When the deceased was honorably discharged for disability, it may be assumed that the disability was "incurred in line of duty."
- (e) Issue of flag in in-service cases (No. 3) is required only when deceased was interred outside the United States, or remains not recovered, or where service department cannot supply flag in time for burial. Explanation should be included under "Remarks."
- 3. When the applicant is unable to furnish documentary proof, such as a discharge under honorable conditions ("Honorable" or "General"), an application may be accepted and a flag issued when statement is made by a person of established character and reputation that he/she personally knows the deceased to have been a veteran of a war, the Mexican border service, or of service after January 31, 1955, discharged or released from active duty, under honorable conditions, or to have been a person discharged from, or released from active duty in the United States Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard under honorable conditions after serving at least one complete peacetime enlistment, before June 27, 1950, or for disability incurred in line of duty; or that the deceased was in active service at the time of death and a flag was not obtainable from a military or naval establishment in time for burial.

- 4. The following classes of persons are ineligible for issue of a burial flag:
- (a) A discharged or rejected draftee, or a member of the National Guard, who reported to camp in answer to the President's call for World War I service but who, when medically examined, was not finally accepted for military service.
- (b) A person who was discharged from World War I service prior to November 12, 1918, on his/her own application or solicitation, by reason of being an alien, or any person discharged for alienage during a period of hostilities.
- (c) A person who served with any of the forces allied with the United States in any war, even though a United States citizen, if he/she did not serve with the United States armed forces.
- (d) A person inducted for training and service who, before entering upon such training and service, was transferred to the Enlisted Reserve Corps and given a furlough.
- (e) A former temporary member of the United States Coast Guard Reserve.
- (f) A reservist who served only on active duty for training unless he/she was disabled or died from a disease or injury incurred or aggravated in line of duty.
- 5. Flags will not be issued subsequent to burial, except where circumstances render it impossible to obtain a flag in time to drape the casket of a deceased veteran prior to final interment. The applicant must personally sign the application and include (under "Remarks") a statement explaining the circumstances preventing the requesting of a burial flag prior to final interment.
- 6. (a) The flag will be disposed of as follows: When actually used to drape the casket of the deceased, it must be delivered to the next of kin (or to a close friend or associate when no claim is made by next of kin) following interment or inurnment. If there is no living relative, or one cannot be located, and no friend or associate requests the flag, it must be returned to the nearest Department of Veterans Affairs.
- (b) The phrase "next of kin," for the purpose of disposing of the flag, is defined as follows with preference to entitlement in the order listed below:
  - (1) Widow or widower.
- (2) Children, according to age (minor child may be issued a flag on application signed by guardian).
- (3) Parents, including adoptive, stepparents, and foster parents.
- (4) Brothers or sisters, including brothers or sisters of the halfblood.
- (5) Uncles or aunts.
- (6) Nephews or nieces.
- (7) Others cousins, grandparents, etc.
- (c) The phrase "close friend or associate" means any person who establishes by evidence that he/she was a close friend or an associate of the deceased.